

# End of Key Stage One Assessments 2022



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PLEASE NOTE: Mrs Crossland and Mrs McNally are attending the Local Authority Statutory Assessment update briefing next week so some information may change in light of this. We will update you if this is the case.

## • What are end of key stage one assessments?

What you might know as SATs or Standard Attainment Tests, are national curriculum tests that are usually taken by children at the end of key stage one.

**These are just part of the picture.**

- All children are assessed during the last term of year 2 to judge what they have learned over the course of key stage one (years 1 and 2).
- Teachers judge whether each child in their class has achieved the **\*\*expected standards\*\*** for the end of key stage one.
- Teachers will use a range of evidence to support their judgements, including the children's results in their SATs, as well as independent work in class.
- Teachers will judge what a child is able to do independently and align this with the national expectations for a child at the end of key stage one.

# Expected Standard

## End of KS1 Maths Checklist

Name/Group: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### Working at the Expected Standard:

The pupil(s) can:	
The pupil can read scales in divisions of ones, twos, fives and tens.	
The pupil can partition any two-digit number into different combinations of tens and ones, explaining their thinking verbally, in pictures or using apparatus.	
The pupil can add and subtract any 2 two-digit numbers using an efficient strategy, explaining their method verbally, in pictures or using apparatus (e.g. $48 + 35$ ; $72 - 17$ ).	
The pupil can recall all number bonds to and within 10 and use these to reason with and calculate bonds to and within 20, recognising other associated additive relationships (e.g. If $7 + 3 = 10$ , then $17 + 3 = 20$ ; if $7 - 3 = 4$ , then $17 - 3 = 14$ ; leading to if $14 + 3 = 17$ , then $3 + 14 = 17$ , $17 - 14 = 3$ and $17 - 3 = 14$ ).	
The pupil can recall multiplication and division facts for 2, 5 and 10 and use them to solve simple problems, demonstrating an understanding of commutativity as necessary.	
The pupil can identify $1/4$ , $1/3$ , $1/2$ , $2/4$ , $3/4$ , of a number or shape, and know that all parts must be equal parts of the whole.	
The pupil can use different coins to make the same amount.	
The pupil can read the time on a clock to the nearest 15 minutes.	
The pupil can name and describe properties of 2-D and 3-D shapes, including number of sides, vertices, edges, faces and lines of symmetry.	

## Year 2 Reading Checklist

Name/Group: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### Working at the Expected Standard:

The pupil(s) can:	
read accurately most words of two or more syllables.	
read most words containing common suffixes.*	
read most common exception words.*	
read words accurately and fluently without overt sounding and blending, e.g. at over 90 words per minute, in age-appropriate texts.	
sound out most unfamiliar words accurately, without undue hesitation.	
read accurately and fluently, makes	
inferences on the basis of what is being	

## Year 2 Writing Checklist

### Working at the Expected Standard:

Pupil(s) can write a simple, coherent narrative about their own and others' experiences (real and fictional), after discussion with the teacher:		
writing about real events, recording these simply and clearly		
demarkating most sentences with:	capital letters and full stops	
and with use of:	question marks.	
using present and past tense mostly correctly and consistently		
using co-ordination (or / and / but)		
using some subordination (when / if / that / because)		
segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many of these words correctly and making phonically-plausible attempts at others		
spelling many KS1 common exception words*		
writing capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower-case letters		
using spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters		

- **What SATs will the children complete?**

## Maths

### **Paper 1 - Arithmetic (20 minutes)**

Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division, including finding fractions.

### **Paper 2 - Reasoning (35 minutes)**

Solving problems and reasoning. 5 questions are read aloud and children have 30 minutes to answer the rest of the questions independently.

## English Reading

Both reading papers contain a variety of texts which increase in difficulty. Paper 2 is more challenging than paper 1.

### **Paper 1 (30 minutes)**

Short sections of text for the children to read with questions underneath for them to answer.

### **Paper 2 (40 minutes)**

A reading booklet with texts and a question booklet to record answers in.

- **What SATs will the children complete?**

## English Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling

These are optional papers which can be used to support teacher judgements on children's writing attainment.

### **Paper 1 - Spelling (15 minutes)**

The children have a booklet of sentences with missing words. The teacher reads out the sentences and children write in the correct spellings.

### **Paper 2 - Grammar, punctuation and vocabulary (20 minutes)**

A question and answer booklet which tests children's knowledge of grammar and punctuation rules, as well as their vocabulary.

## • When and how do they happen?

The national window for administering the SATs is the month of May.

**We will inform parents when an official time table is in place so that you are aware when the children will be completing each paper.**

**>>We will not tell the children they are being tested or call them tests<<  
*Instead we will be discussing Secret Agent Training Service (SATs)\*\****

- The children will work on their special quizzes in their own classroom in smaller groups to allow them to space out.
- They will be spread across the week to prevent the children feeling overwhelmed. To them, it will be like a usual English or maths lesson. Most children won't even know they are happening!
- There is no separate writing SATs. The teachers will make a judgement using the children's writing over the course of year 2 and the results of the grammar, punctuation and spelling papers.



# YOUR SCHOOL NEEDS



**Secret Agent  
Training Service**



## Secret Agent Training Service



To become a secret agent you need to  
show skills in:

- **Maths** - Using numbers in lots of different ways (good for breaking codes)
- **Maths** - Use measure, shape and directions (excellent for fieldwork and investigating)
- **Reading** - Be able to search for clues in texts (great for finding out what a secret message says)

**SECRET AGENT**  
IN TRAINING

Name:  
Code Name:



## • What happens with the results?

- The results are not routinely shared with parents or published; they inform overall teacher assessments.
- Unlike year 6 SATs results, year 2 results are not a definitive judgement. Teacher assessment can include all the work a child has done in key stage one and the test result merely supports this judgement.
- The school will report all the teacher assessments to the local authority by the end of June 2022; we do not need to report individual test scores.
- Teacher assessments of pupil attainment will be shared with parents in the end of year reports.
- If you would like to know your child's specific SATs results, you can request these from your class teacher.



- **How can I help my child?**

Make sure they go to bed at a reasonable time, have a good breakfast and arrive at school on time during the assessment weeks.

Listen to your child read daily. Ask questions and talk about what they have read. Make sure they understand what they are reading.

Use online activities such as Times Tables Rock Stars to practise skills at home.

Support your child to complete any home learning tasks, such as spelling activities, reading comprehensions and maths sheets \*\*.

$3 + 6 = \square$

$38 - 5 = \square$

$3 \times 2 = \square$

$8 \div 2 = \square$

$\frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 4 = \square$

### Number and Place Value

Fill in the two missing numbers in this sequence:

3	6		12	15		21
---	---	--	----	----	--	----

### Calculation

Write a digit in each box to make the sum correct:

$6 \square + \square = \square 7 \square$

### Calculation

Rosie the Rememberer has 4 boxes.

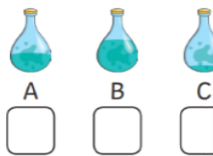
Each box has 5 superhero gadgets in it.

Complete the number sentence to show how many gadgets Rosie has **altogether**.

$\square \square \square = \square \text{ gadgets}$

### Measurement

Sort these superhero p...  
the least full to the



least full

## The Story of Honeysuckle



Far up in the Hunan Mountains in China, in a small village, there once lived a kind man who had only one child. This girl was the joy of her father's life and he called her Honeysuckle.

Now Mr Min, for that was the man's name, was famous across the whole land for being very clever and very rich. He wanted to teach Honeysuckle everything he knew and give her everything she wanted. Most children would have become spoiled but Honeysuckle was not at all like other children.

As sweet and gentle as the flower she was named after, she always listened to her father.



Her father often bought kites for her, of every kind and shape. There were fish, birds, butterflies, lizards and huge dragons, one of which had a tail more than thirty feet long. Mr Min was very good at flying these kites for little Honeysuckle and if you saw one you might say, "Why, there is a real bird, and not a kite at all!"



1. Where do Mr Min and Honeysuckle live?



England  
 China

India  
 Spain



2. Find and copy a word that the author uses to describe each of these characters.

Mr Min: \_\_\_\_\_

Honeysuckle: \_\_\_\_\_



3. Why do you think if you saw a kite you might say, "Why, there is a real bird, and not a kite at all!"?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

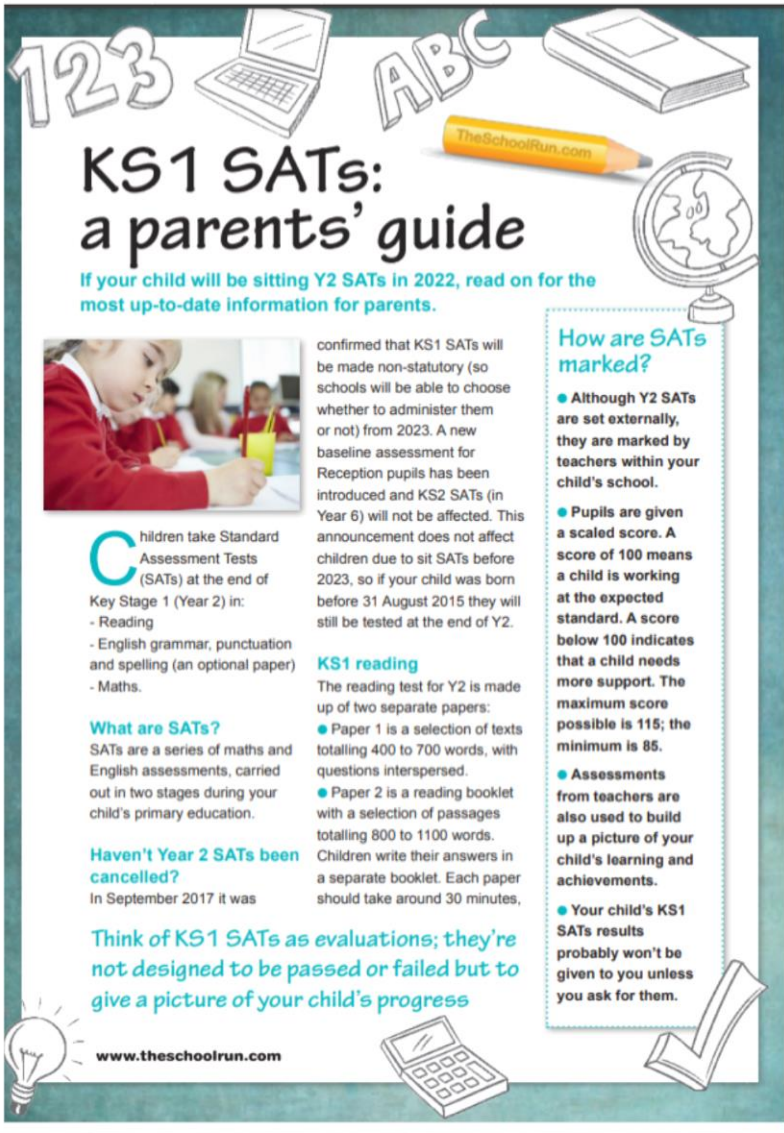


4. What do you think will happen next in the story?

\_\_\_\_\_


\_\_\_\_\_

Optional after school SATs booster sessions will be available for the children to attend every Tuesday until 4:15.



# KS1 SATs: a parents' guide

If your child will be sitting Y2 SATs in 2022, read on for the most up-to-date information for parents.



Children take Standard Assessment Tests (SATs) at the end of Key Stage 1 (Year 2) in:

- Reading
- English grammar, punctuation and spelling (an optional paper)
- Maths.

**What are SATs?**  
SATs are a series of maths and English assessments, carried out in two stages during your child's primary education.

**Haven't Year 2 SATs been cancelled?**  
In September 2017 it was confirmed that KS1 SATs will be made non-statutory (so schools will be able to choose whether to administer them or not) from 2023. A new baseline assessment for Reception pupils has been introduced and KS2 SATs (in Year 6) will not be affected. This announcement does not affect children due to sit SATs before 2023, so if your child was born before 31 August 2015 they will still be tested at the end of Y2.


**KS1 reading**  
The reading test for Y2 is made up of two separate papers:

- Paper 1 is a selection of texts totalling 400 to 700 words, with questions interspersed.
- Paper 2 is a reading booklet with a selection of passages totalling 800 to 1100 words. Children write their answers in a separate booklet. Each paper should take around 30 minutes.

**How are SATs marked?**

- Although Y2 SATs are set externally, they are marked by teachers within your child's school.
- Pupils are given a scaled score. A score of 100 means a child is working at the expected standard. A score below 100 indicates that a child needs more support. The maximum score possible is 115; the minimum is 85.
- Assessments from teachers are also used to build up a picture of your child's learning and achievements.
- Your child's KS1 SATs results probably won't be given to you unless you ask for them.

www.theschoolrun.com



## KS1 SATs Assessment Parent and Carer Information Sheet

### Key Stage 1 National Curriculum Assessments

Government guidelines require us to submit information about the children's attainment at the end of Key Stage 1 (Year 2). Children are assessed against a national standard and are described as working towards the standard, working at the standard or working at greater depth within the standard according to the Year 2 expectations of the curriculum.

### The SAT Assessments

To support us in making our judgments, during the summer term in Year 2, children will take part in SAT assessments in:

- Reading
- Maths
- Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling

All assessments are due to take place throughout May this year.

### Reading

The Reading Test consists of two separate papers:

- Paper 1 – consists of a combined reading prompt and answer booklet. The paper includes a list of useful words and some practice questions for teachers to use to introduce the contexts and question types to pupils. The test takes approximately 30 minutes to complete, but is not strictly timed.
- Paper 2 – consists of an answer booklet and a separate reading booklet. There are no practice questions on this paper. Teachers can use their discretion to stop the test early if a pupil is struggling. The test takes approximately 40 minutes to complete, but is not strictly timed.

The tests will cover a range of poetry, fiction and non-fiction.

### How to Help Your Child with Reading

- Listening to your child read can take many forms:
- First and foremost, focus on developing an enjoyment and love of reading.
- Enjoy stories together – reading stories to your child is equally as important as listening to your child read.
- Read a little at a time but often, rather than rarely but for long periods of time!
- Talk about the story before, during and afterwards – discuss the plot, the characters, their feelings and actions, how it makes you feel, predict what will happen and encourage your child to have their own opinions.

For more details and information on the KS1 SATs please visit the following video link:  
[https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dVlrdqh\\_J6Y](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dVlrdqh_J6Y) which explains the test structure and individual papers in more detail.

You can access past papers online here:  
<https://www.sats-papers.co.uk/ks1-sats-papers/>

